



SOLO USER GUIDE



Connecting to and disconnecting from the haemostatic valves



Traditional catheter design



New Kflow Epic SOLO design

Unlike traditional short term catheters the Kflow Epic SOLO has a haemostatic valve incorporated into the catheter design therefore maintaining a safe closed system at all times, without the need for traditional thumb clamps or end caps, which are a cause of patient discomfort and opportunistic to harbouring dirt and bacteria.

No clamps - for improved patient comfort and maintaining durability of extension lines.

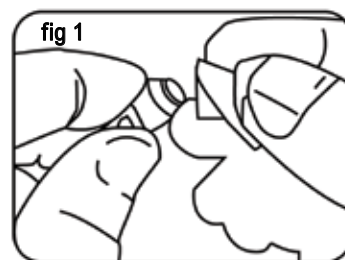
Haemostatic valves - also complete haemostatic insertion and rapid secure On/Off. Decrease incidence of infection secondary to multiple hub manipulations.

Haemostatic valves hold lumen lock solution with minimal reflux of blood into catheter lumens which will decrease incidence of thrombotic occlusion.

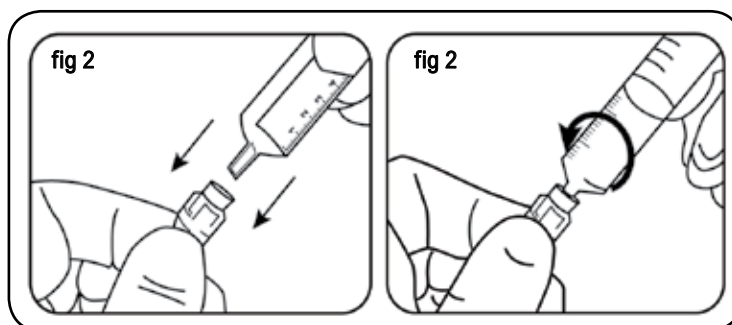
The valve connector should be decontaminated with either alcohol or an alcoholic solution of chlorhexidine gluconate before and after it has been used to access the system with sterile devices.

Connecting

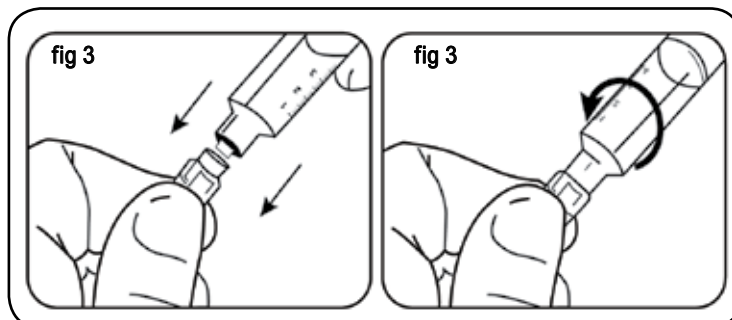
To access the haemostatic valve connector, swab the silicone seal in accordance with facility protocol (fig 1).



To connect a male luer slip to the haemostatic valve connector, grasp the valve connector and position the luer syringe so that the luer syringe will be pushed straight into the valve using a twisting motion, as shown (fig 2). Do not attempt to insert the luer syringe at an angle.



To connect a male luer lock to the haemostatic valve connector, grasp the valve connector and position the luer so that the luer will be pushed straight into the valve using a twisting motion, as shown (fig 3).



Disconnecting

1. To disconnect from the haemostatic valve, grasp the valve and twist the syringe or blood tubing set connector anti-clockwise until loose, then pull away from the valve connector. Flush the valve connector after each use, in accordance with facility protocol.
2. The valve closes and seals once the connector is removed from the valve connector therefore capping is optional.
3. The valve connector should be decontaminated with either alcohol or an alcoholic solution of chlorhexidine gluconate before and after it has been used to access the system with sterile devices.

Catheter anchoring and securement

Anchoring the SOLO catheter

The Kflow Epic SOLO catheter designed to improve patient comfort. The soft biocompatible catheter features a hubless design which eliminates pressure points, no more need for painful pulling sutures.

Fixation can be done by applying a UNIFIX adhesive sutureless securement device which facilitates easy catheter removal or replacement for longer use. No more painful sutures, however, if the traditional suture method is preferred use the 2 piece moveable suture wing supplied in the kit.

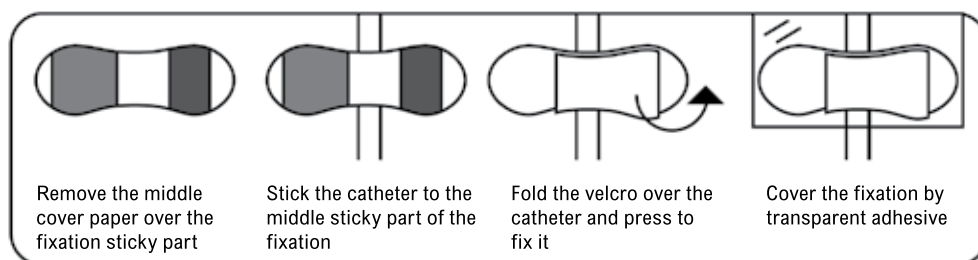
Fixation using the UNIFIX adhesive suture securement fixation device



Sutureless securement device



Kflow Epic SOLO anchored using UNIFIX sutureless securement device

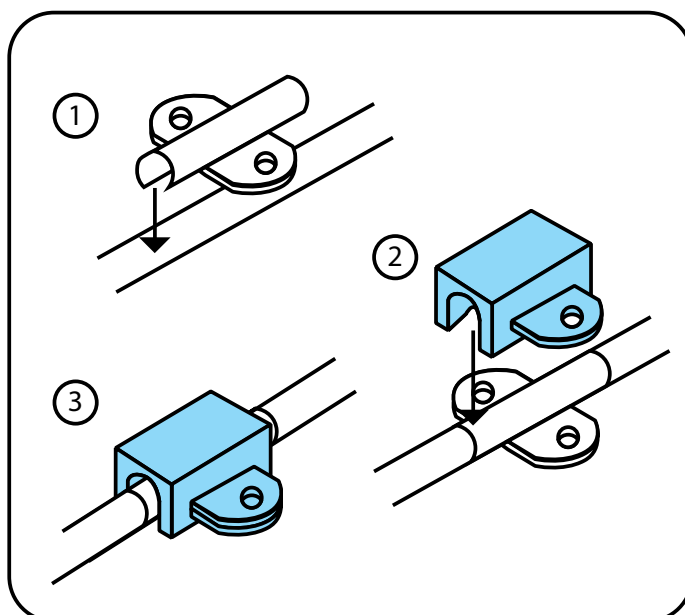


Fixation using Sutures

1. Take the (white) flexible part of the moveable suture wing and spread the wings until the internal split opens, positioning onto the catheter at the desired location.

2. Snap the rigid (blue) part of the moveable wing over the flexible wings.

3. Suture the wings through the suture holes to the patients skin.



Handwashing

Observe proper hand-hygiene procedures either by washing hands with conventional antiseptic containing soap and water or with water-less alcohol-based gels or foams.

Good hand hygiene before catheter insertion or maintenance is important for reducing CVC-related infections.

Before and after palpating catheter insertion sites, as well as before and after inserting, replacing, accessing, repairing, or dressing an intravascular catheter accessing or dressing central vascular catheters, hands must be decontaminated either by washing with an antimicrobial liquid soap and water or by using an alcohol handrub.

Palpation of the insertion site should not be performed after the application of antiseptic, unless aseptic technique is maintained. Following hand antisepsis, clean gloves and a 'no-touch' technique (ANTT) or sterile gloves should be used when changing the insertion site dressing. Use of gloves does not obviate the need for hand hygiene. Refer to your facility hand washing protocol for more details.



Site care - Exit cleaning, maintenance and dressing

Catheter care

The care and maintenance of the catheter requires trained, skilled personnel who follow the hospital/facility protocol. The protocol should include a directive that the catheter is not used for any other treatment or purpose other than the treatment or therapy prescribed.

The catheter exit site should be checked daily or according to hospital policy. If signs of infection are present notify the physician immediately. An aseptic technique must be used for catheter site care and for accessing the system.

Site Care – cleaning & maintenance

Preferably, an alcoholic chlorhexidine gluconate solution should be used for cleaning the catheter site during dressing changes and allowed to air dry. Please refer to your facilities protocol and procedures regarding site care and maintenance of catheters.

Healthcare personnel should ensure that catheter-site care is compatible with catheter materials (tubing, hubs, injection ports, luer connectors and extensions) and carefully check compatibility with the manufacturer's recommendations.

Information Source NICE Guidelines.

Site Care - dressing

Preferably, a sterile, transparent, semipermeable polyurethane dressing should be used to cover the catheter site.

If a patient has profuse perspiration or if the insertion site is bleeding or oozing, a sterile gauze dressing is preferable to a transparent, semi-permeable dressing.

Gauze dressings should be changed when they become damp, loosened or soiled and the need for a gauze dressing should be assessed daily; a gauze dressing should be replaced by a transparent dressing as soon as possible. Please refer to your facilities protocol and procedures regarding site care and maintenance of catheters.

Catheter removal

- Remove any dressing and suture material.
- Ask the patient to take a breath and fully exhale.
- Remove the catheter with a steady pull, while the patient is holding their breath, and apply firm pressure to the puncture site for at least 5 minutes to stop the bleeding.
- Cover puncture site with a sterile dressing.
- Please note excessive force should not be needed to remove the catheter. If it does not come out, try rotating it whilst pulling gently. If this still fails, cover it with a sterile dressing and ask an experienced person for advice.

Catheter disposal

- A used catheter should be disposed as per hospital protocol or in sanitary container to prevent possible contamination and cross infection.

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A new solution to old problems

NEWMULTI-TUBE™ TECHNOLOGY

- The fusion of 2 Round lumens facilitate laminar flow.
- Excellent flow rates of 400mls/min at venous pressures less than 230mmHg.
- Soft tip featuring intelligent grooves which protect the side holes from sucking against the vessel wall.
- Innovative new design means improved patient comfort - no need for traditional hub.
- Incorporation of haemostatic valves ensures a safe closed system negating the need for traditional thumb clamps.
- Catheter fixation achieved without suturing.
- The soft biocompatible polyurethane material can be shaped to fit any approach.
- Reduced stocking - 2 fr sizes, one length fits all patients.
- Easy order codes.



	CODE	DESCRIPTION	BOX QTY
	KFE-COV	Kflow Epic connector valve pack contain x2 valves this part is to be connected to a functioning valve but can be changed every dialysis session if required.	5
	KFE-REV	Kflow Epic repair valve pack contains 1 valve this part is to be connected to a defective valve	5
	Unifix	Adhesive sutureless securement device for catheter fixation and anchoring	50
	KFCVCS	CVC insertion pack standard suitable for temporary catheter insertion	24
	KFCVCP	CVC insertion pack premier suitable for temporary catheter insertion.	16
	KFCVC1	CVC insertion pack suitable for tunnelled catheter insertion.	7
	KFAVF1	Arterial Venous Fistula on / off pack	40
	KFCHD1	Dialysis catheter on / off pack	30

Contact your local rep for details or email: customer care@kimal.co.uk

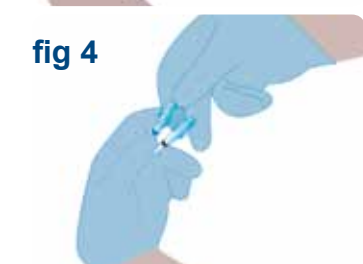
Catheter Insertion Step by Step Guide

1. Prepare the patient.

Using Aseptic technique check kit contents.



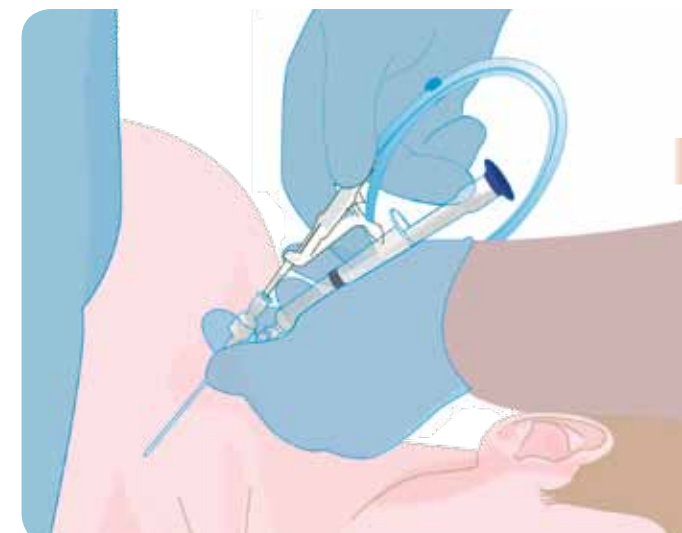
2. Carefully insert the stylet into the venous lumen and luer lock into position.



3. Insert the 18g introducer needle into the target vein.



4. Insert the guidewire into the valved side port on the introducer needle.



5. Using the thumb feeder carefully advance the guidewire into the target vein if any resistance is encountered remove needle and guidewire together.

Never pull guidewire back through the needle as shearing may occur.



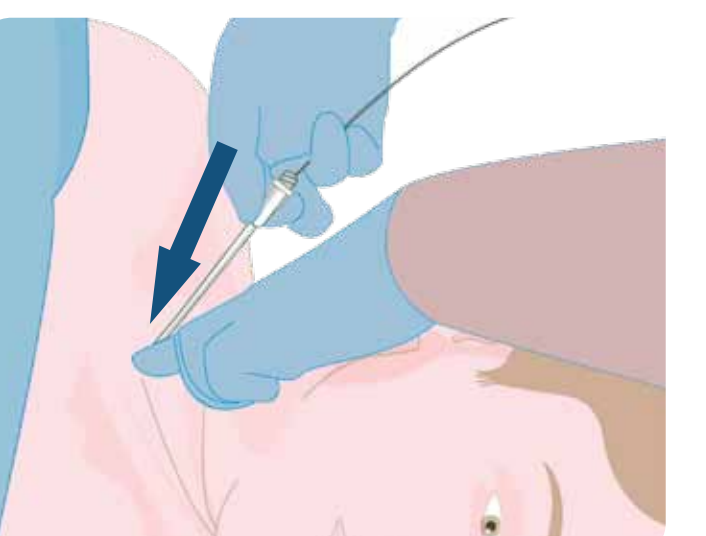
6. Carefully remove needle, guidewire dispenser and syringe leaving guidewire in target vein.



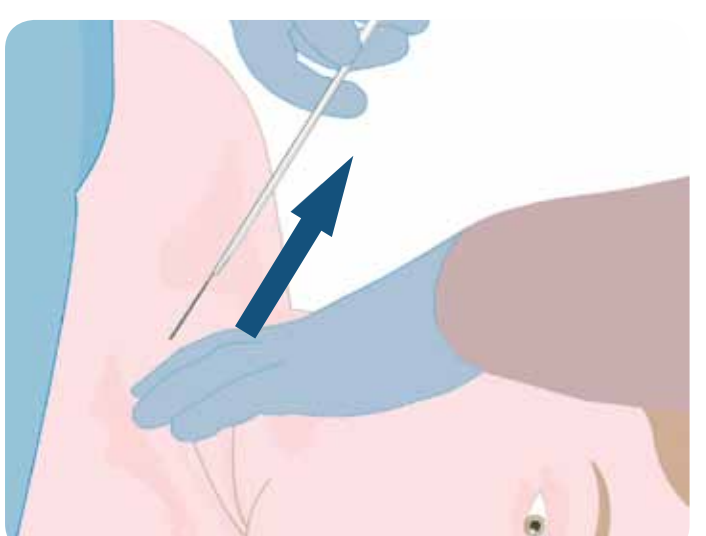
7. Using #11. blade make small incision at the exit site to facilitate easy insertion of vessel dilators and catheter.



8. Advance 1st of 2 size matched vessel dilators over the guidewire into target vein.



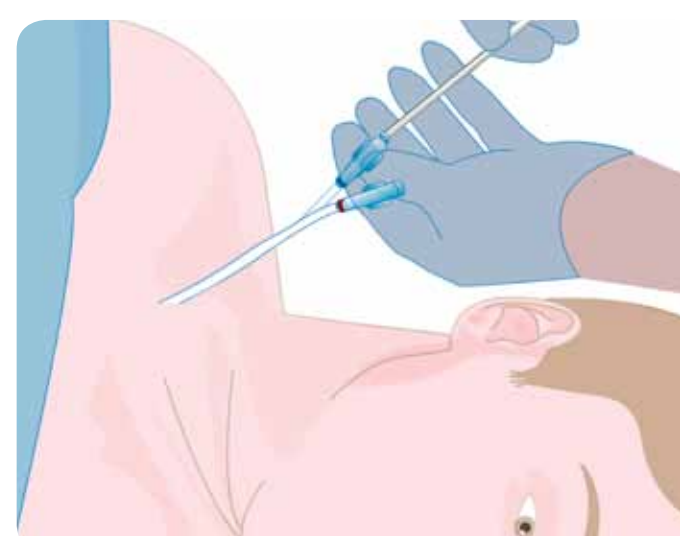
9. Remove dilator being careful not to dislodge the guidewire. Repeat steps 8&9 using 2nd size matched dilator.



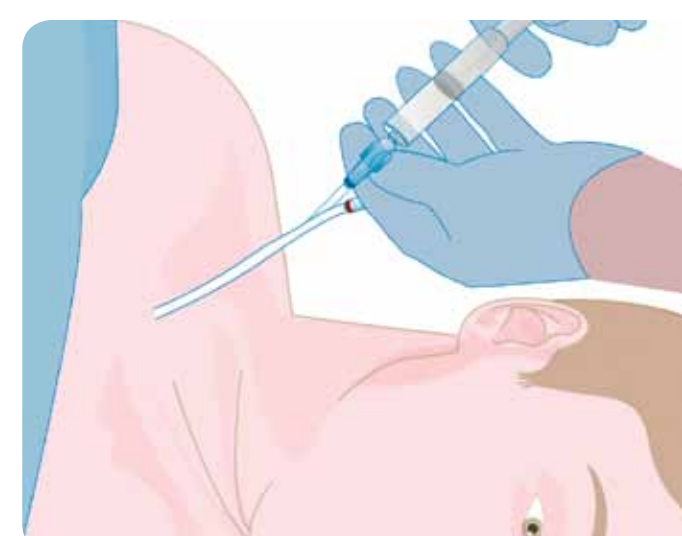
10. Carefully advance catheter over the guidewire into target vein to length required.



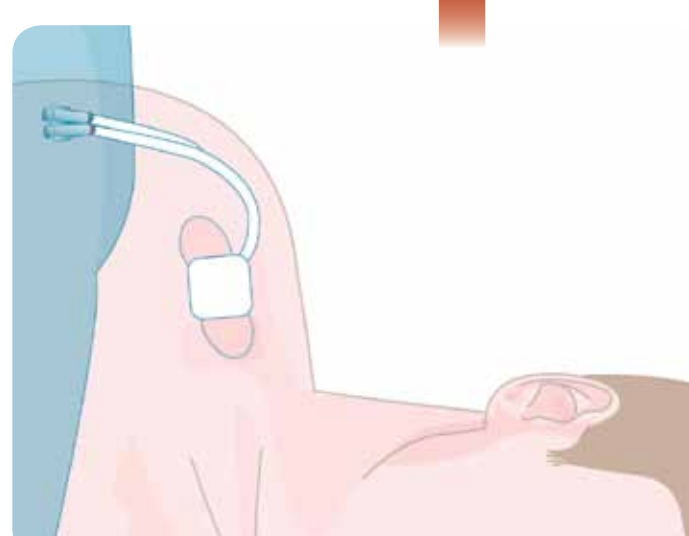
11. Remove stylet and guidewire together from the venous lumen of the catheter.



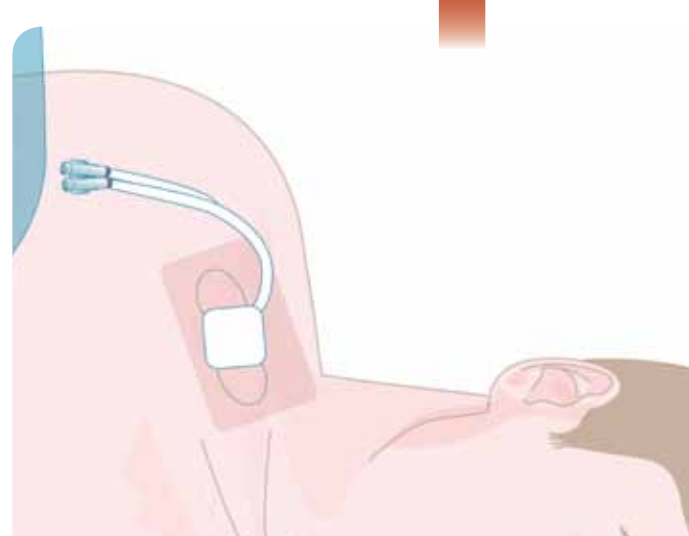
12. Check flows, aspirate and flush both lumens to confirm adequate flows and patency.



13. Anchor catheter using the Unifix adhesive sutureless securement device or moveable 2 piece box clamp suture wing.



14. Apply sterile dressing to exit site.



15. Chest X-Ray to Confirm tip placement prior to catheter use.

